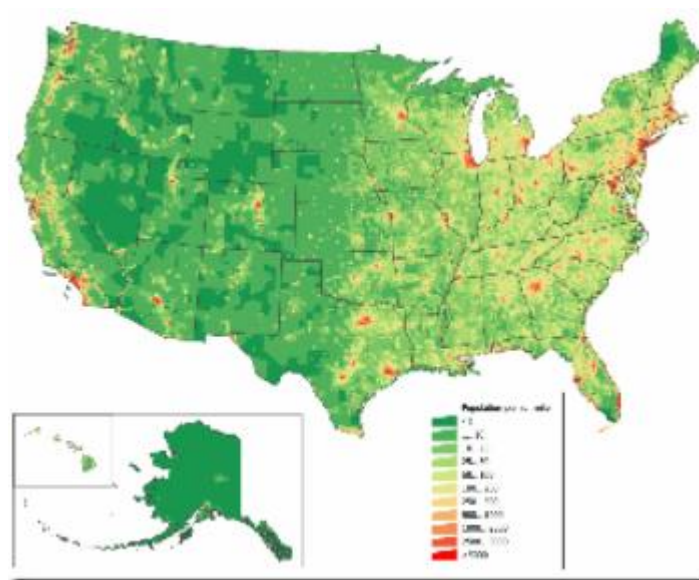


PERSPECTIVAS CLIMATICAS AL 9 DE AGOSTO

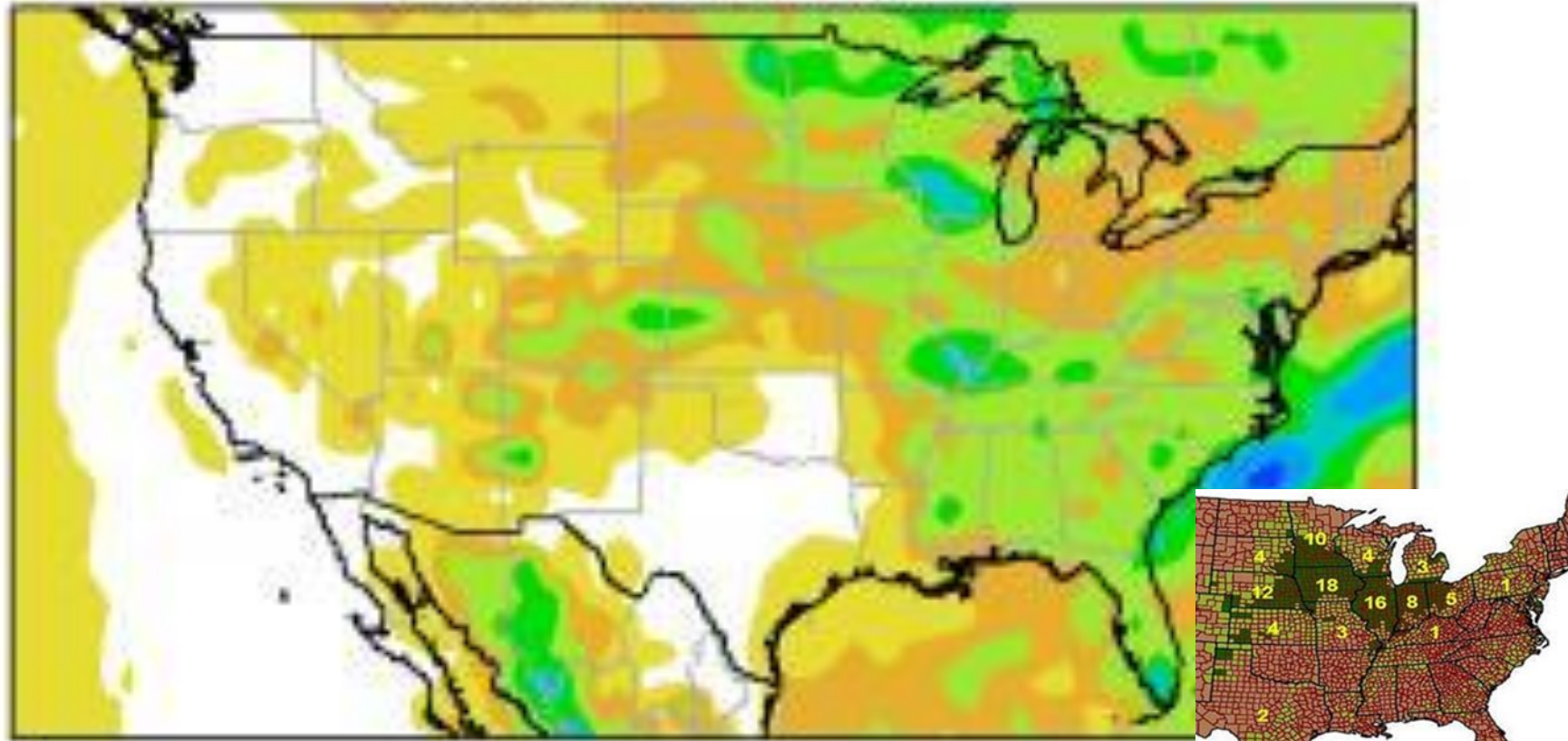


- La mayor parte del cinturón maicero, la mayor parte Delta y la Región Sudeste observarán precipitaciones moderadas a muy abundantes (25 a 50 mm), con algunos núcleos con valores superiores (más de 50 mm), con posibles focos de tormentas severas.
- La mayor parte del área triguera observará precipitaciones de variada intensidad, desde escasas hasta abundantes, con posibles focos de tormentas severas.
- Centro y el sur de las Planicies y la porción mas baja del Valle del Misisipi, con modelos que indican que la temperatura máxima observará valores superiores a los 41° C en partes de Texas y Louisiana.

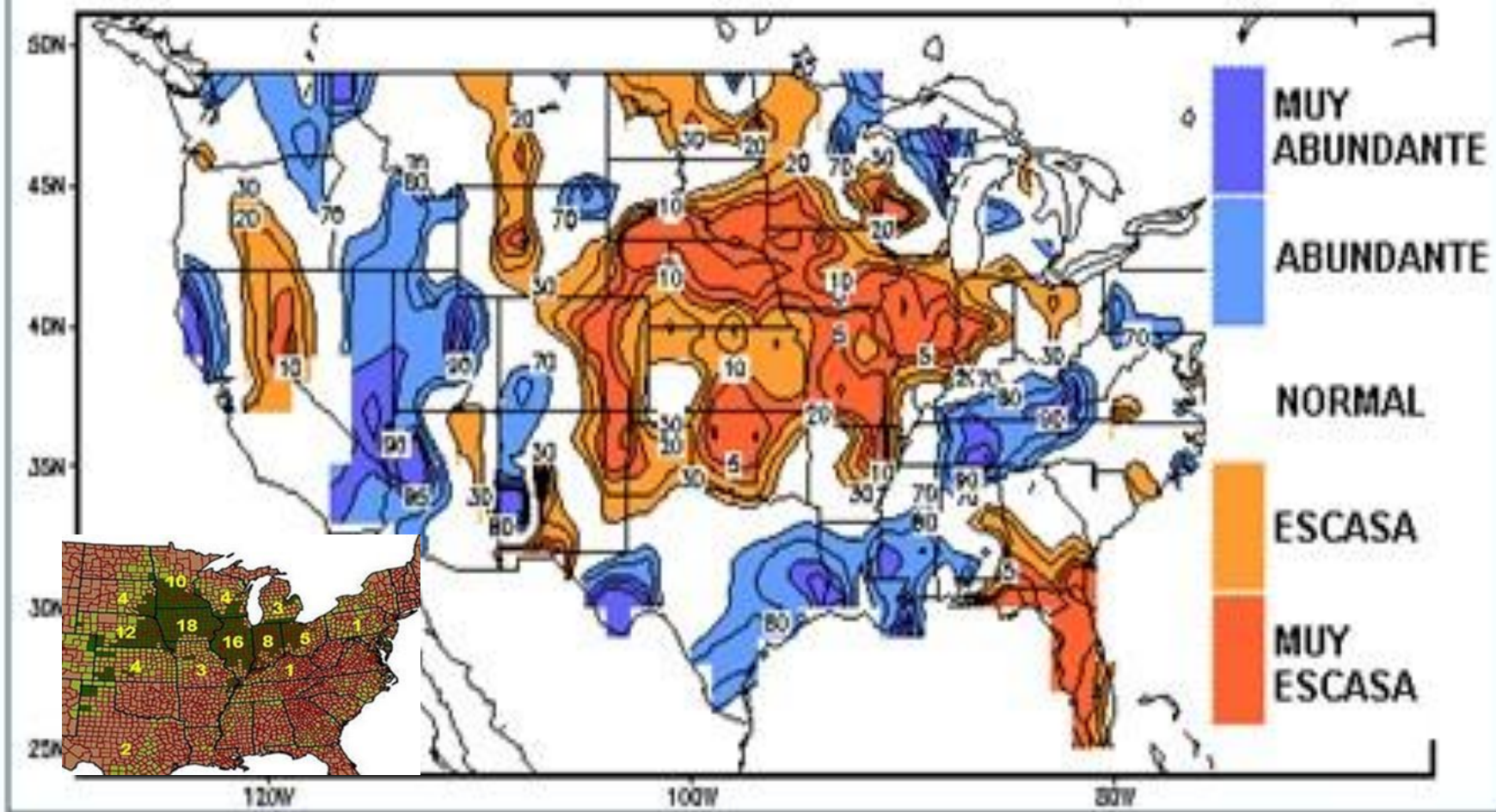


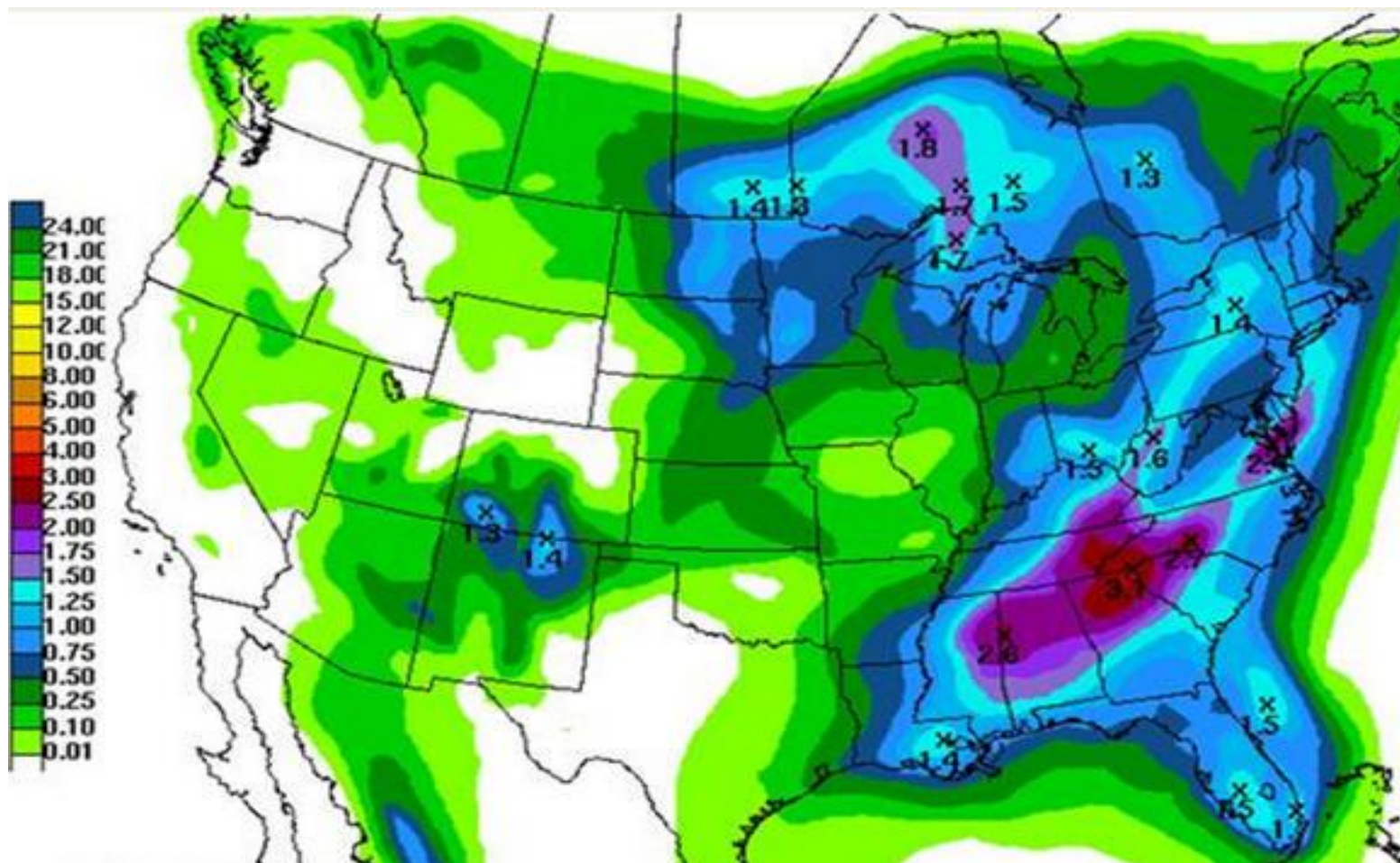
Perspectiva Climatica del 02 al 09 de Agosto de 2012

Precipitacion Acumulada (mm)



CATEGORÍAS DE LLUVIA: julio 2012

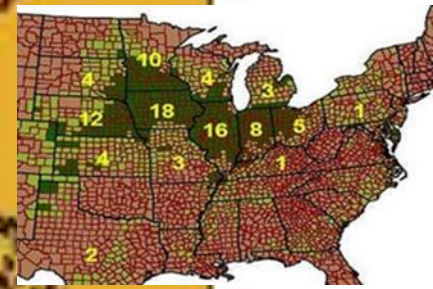
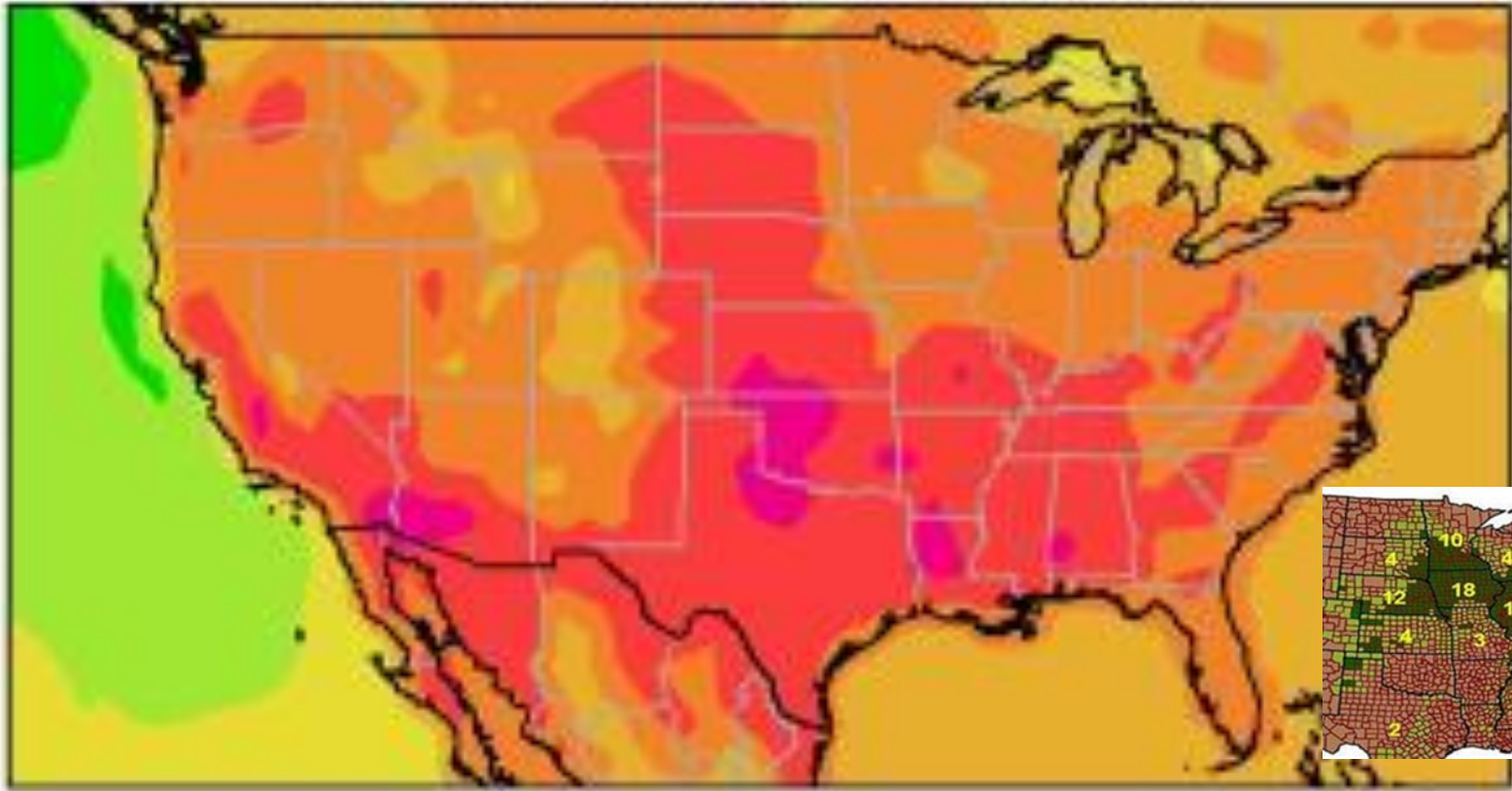




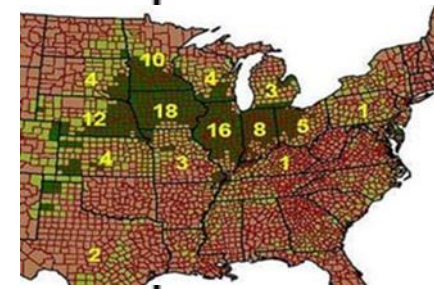
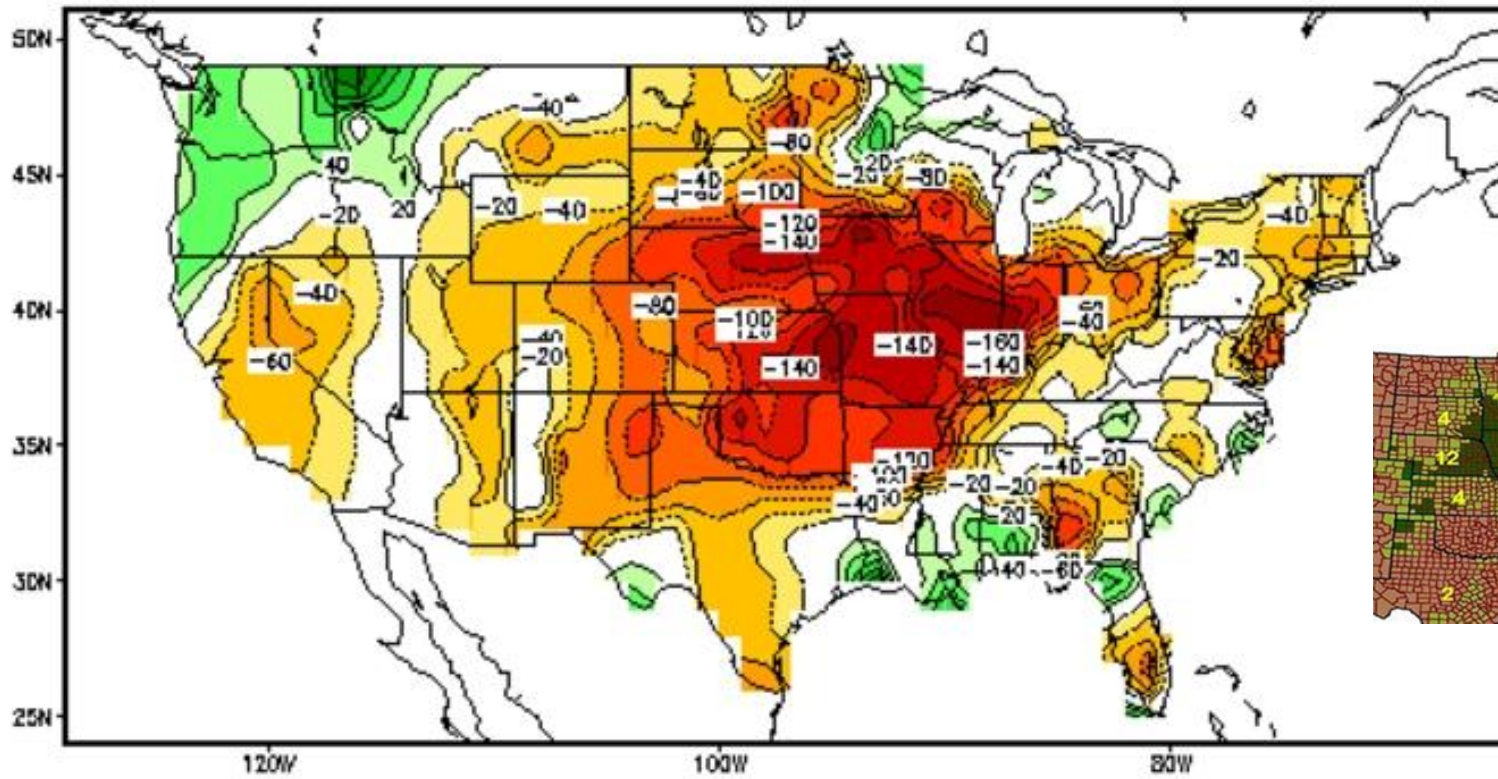
Lluvias pronosticadas viernes 3/8 - martes 7/8 (con 1 pulgada = 25 mm)

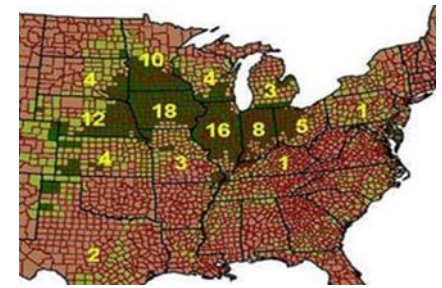
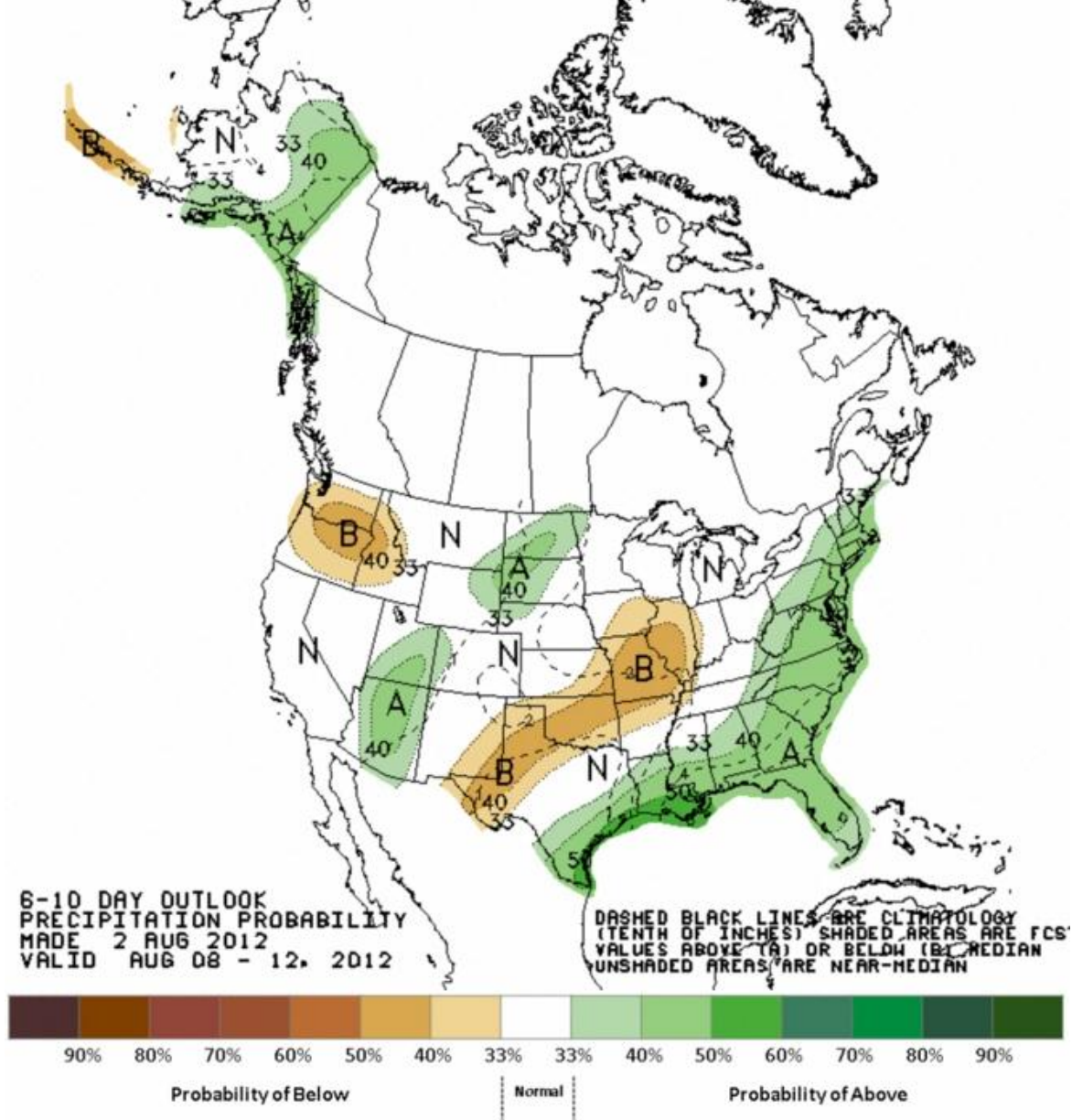


Perspectiva Climatica del 02 al 09 de Agosto de 2012
Temperatura Maxima (Grados Centigrados)



Calculated Soil Moisture Anomaly (mm) AUG 01, 2012

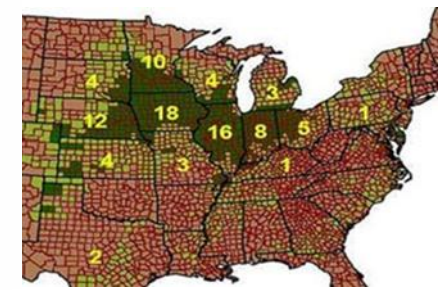
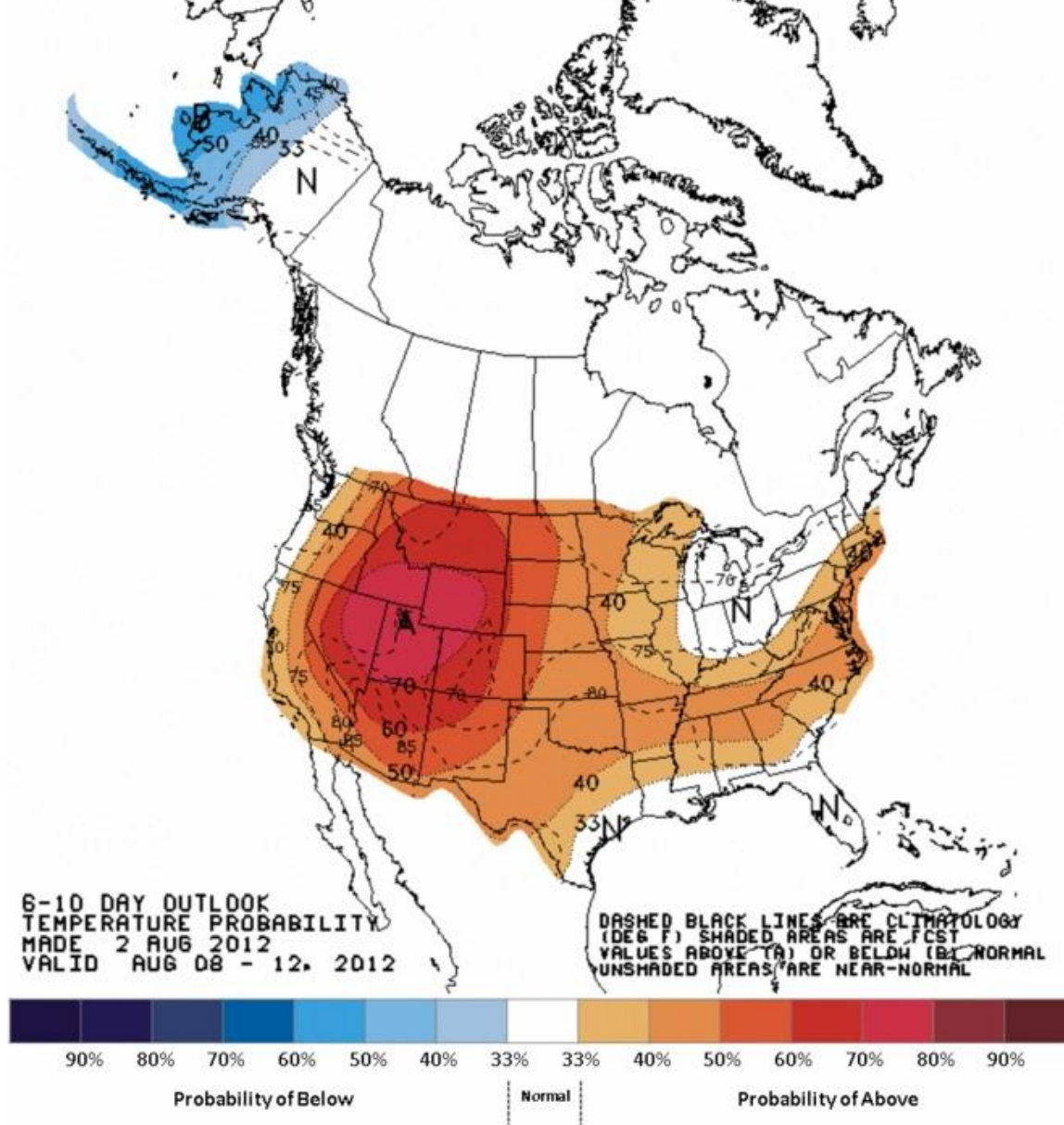




Anomalía en llluvias

Representa las zonas donde llovería por encima de lo normal (A) o por debajo de lo normal (B).





Anomalía de temperaturas

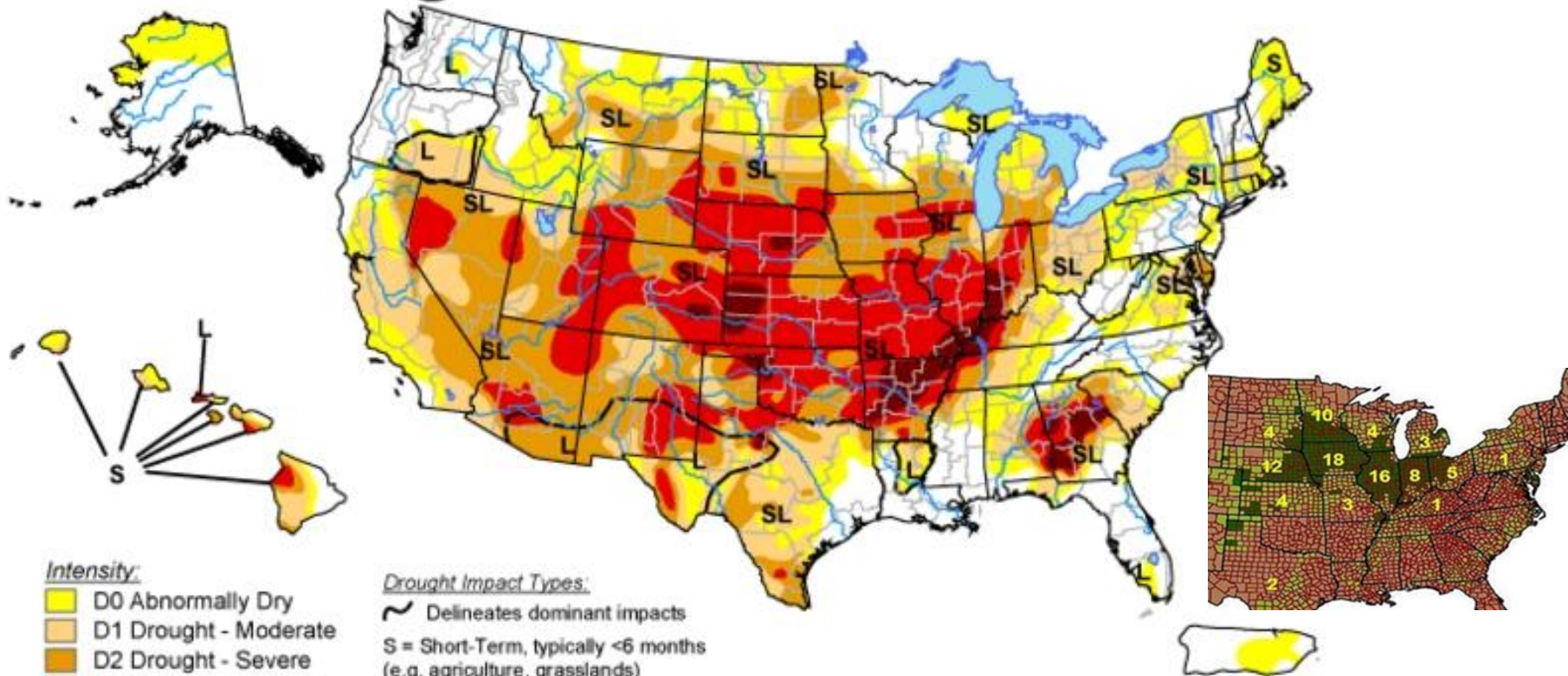
Representa las zonas donde las temperaturas serían por encima de lo normal (A) o por debajo de lo normal (B).



U.S. Drought Monitor

July 31, 2012

Valid 7 a.m. EDT



Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Drought - Moderate
- D2 Drought - Severe
- D3 Drought - Extreme
- D4 Drought - Exceptional

Drought Impact Types:

- Delineates dominant impacts
- S = Short-Term, typically <6 months
(e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
- L = Long-Term, typically >6 months
(e.g. hydrology, ecology)

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

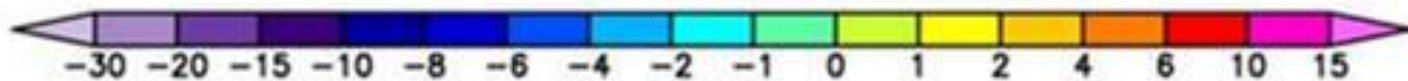
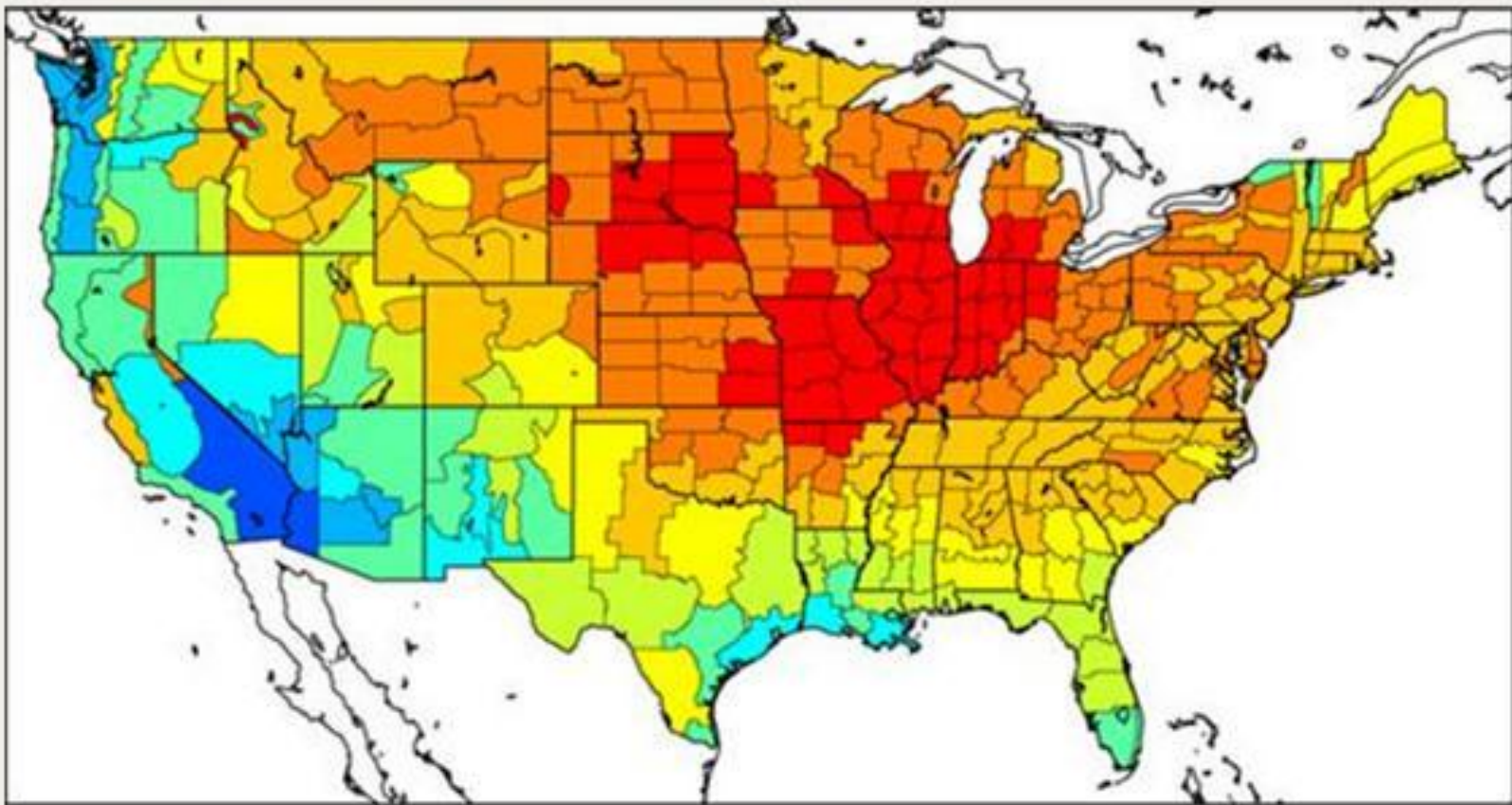
<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>



Released Thursday, August 2, 2012

Author: Mark Svoboda, National Drought Mitigation Center

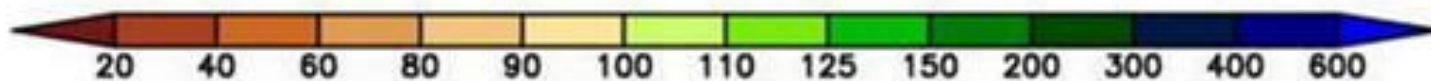
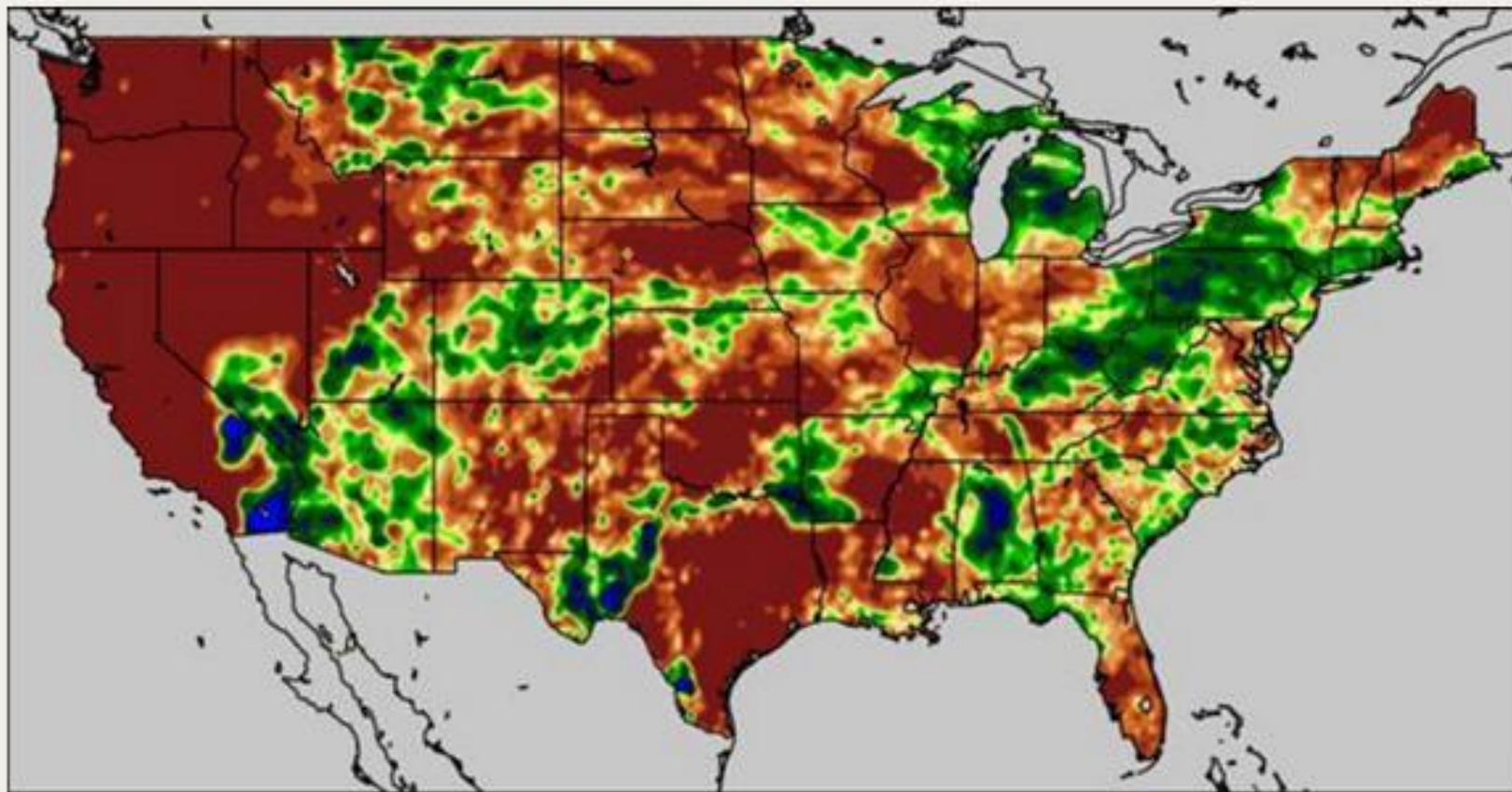




July 2012 Midwest temperatures were extremely hot and detrimental for corn and soybeans.

Anomalías de las temperaturas durante Julio 2012





Pockets of heavy rain have occurred in Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Wisconsin, Ohio and Michigan.
This is more beneficial for soybeans than corn.

Precipitaciones de los últimos 7 días como porcentaje de lo normal





ENFOAGRO

